

NEW LINE DECLARED OFF.

Burlington Extension to Sioux City Postponed a Year.

OMAHA IS NOT VERY SORRY.

The Proposed Line Would Have Opened New Territory to Sioux City Jobbing Houses, to the Detriment of Omaha—Union Pacific Buys Engines.

Omaha, July 31.—Special to The News: It is announced today that the Burlington directory has decided to postpone the building of the line from Ashland to Sioux City for another year. This will prove a disappointment to Sioux City and many towns along the proposed line, which had been figuring that the new road would prove advantageous to them. Omaha is not shedding any tears over the announcement. While the road as proposed would have developed a few points for wholesalers of this city, it would have opened up much of their territory to the jobbers of Sioux City. It is believed here that the announcement to postpone for a year means the virtual abandonment of the Burlington extension to Sioux City.

Union Pacific Buys Engines.

Omaha, July 31.—Special to The News: The Union Pacific has placed an order for thirty new passenger engines for service along its lines. The increasing passenger traffic over the overland route demands additional facilities, and the company in pursuance with its aggressive policy is preparing to meet the requirements.

ENGINEERS' CHIEF IS DEAD.

Youngson Follows Arthur to Grave After Naming His Successor.

Meadville, Pa., July 31.—A. B. Youngson, grand chief engineer of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, who has been ill with Bright's disease at the city hospital since June 20 last, is dead. Previous to his death he named M. H. Shay of Youngstown as his successor.

Mr. Shay is in the city and will remain until after Chief Youngson's funeral. The nomination of Shay to be assistant grand chief was made under section 12 of the constitution, which makes delegates to the last national convention eligible to nomination. L. S. Graham of Cleveland, first grand engineer, declined the nomination on account of failing health. The nomination of Shay will go before the three remaining salaried officers of the grand international division for confirmation, and in case of confirmation he will serve as grand chief until the next national convention, to be held in Los Angeles, Cal., in May, 1904.

ROCK ISLAND IMPROVEMENTS.

Meeting of Directors in October to Vote \$250,000,000 Bonds for New Lines.

New York, July 31.—Special to The News: Directors of the Rock Island road will hold a meeting in Davenport October 8 for the purpose of authorizing the issuance of \$250,000,000 in bonds for improvements and new lines.

DRIGGS PLEADS NOT GUILTY.

Two More Indictments Found Against Ex-Congressman.

New York, July 31.—Ex-Congressman Driggs appeared before Judge Thomas in the United States circuit court, Brooklyn, and pleaded not guilty to two indictments which were recently found against him, with privilege to withdraw his plea and to demur. The last indictment found against Driggs is the seventh and brings in the name of George W. Beavers, now under indictment for alleged bribe taking and wanted by the federal authorities. The indictment says that the Brandt-Dent Co., manufacturers and sellers of automatic cashiers, sold such machines for \$125 each, which was all the machines were reasonably worth. There were other allegations in the indictment that George F. Miller, at that time an agent of the corporation, "confriving and intending to cheat and defraud the United States by unlawfully inducing and procuring George W. Beavers, an officer of the postoffice department, to secure from the government a contract for the sale of cash machines, did thus effect the sale of a large number of said machines at a cost of \$150 each."

Troops Unable to Cope With Strikers.
Baku, Russian Transcaucasia, July 31.—The fires in the extensive petroleum works at Balakhany, which are believed to have been of incendiary origin, are still raging. The military, it is reported, are unable to cope with the strikers. Matters are so threatening in the Balakhany district that foreigners are fleeing to the coast for safety.

Danger of War Averted.

Vienna, July 31.—The Allgemeine Zeitung asserts that British mediation at Tokio and French mediation at St. Petersburg for the moment has averted the danger of war, if it has not opened the way to a Russo-Japanese understanding.

TRAIL OF CONVICTS IS LOST.

Prisoners Who Escaped From Folsom Have Not Been Seen Since Monday.
Placerville, Cal., July 31.—Although hundreds of heavily armed men are now engaged in the search for the twelve surviving prisoners who escaped from the Folsom penitentiary on Monday morning, the outlaws remain masters of the situation. They have succeeded in eluding their pursuers and the ultimate escape of at least a portion of the gang seems highly probable. Since the fatal fight at Pilot Hill on Monday night, in which one of the convicts was killed, the others have not been seen, unless the story of William Green, a cowboy, who says he met two armed men in Placer county and later identified them by photos. Even this affords but a slight clue, though it is being followed by the officers. The conviction is growing that the fleeing men are headed for the Sierra Nevada mountains, and are being aided by ex-convicts who reside along the route. The people through this section of the state are greatly alarmed, notwithstanding the presence of many peace officers and a company of militia. Those residing in isolated localities are in daily dread of attack by the fugitives, who are believed to be short of food and ammunition.

SARDINES ARE FATAL.

Ballagh Merchant and Two Children are Dead From Eating Canned Fish.

Burwell, Neb., July 31.—Special to The News: D. W. Ward, a merchant at Balagh, a small country town near here, and his two children are dead as the result of eating canned sardines.

It is supposed that the little fish gathered poison from the can in which they were packed.

SHERIFFS GO ON A MAN HUNT.

With Posses of Armed Citizens They Are in Pursuit of Negro.

Des Moines, July 31.—Sheriffs Hunolt of Knox county, Missouri, and Davis of Appanoose county, Iowa, with a posse of well-armed citizens have gone to Brazil, a small mining town five miles from Centerville, where it is reported that Clarke, the negro wanted at Kahoka, Mo., for assaulting Gertrude Hess, is in hiding. Sheriff Hunolt encountered a negro whom he positively asserts was Clarke near Centerville and commanded him to halt. He received a shot in reply and engaged in a brief and ineffectual pistol duel with him.

Two Burned to Death.

Old Orchard, Me., July 31.—Mrs. Helen L. Martin and Mrs. E. A. Stevens, sisters, wealthy residents of East Grafton, N. H., were suffocated and their bodies burned to a crisp in a fire which destroyed the Sea View house, a small summer hotel containing twelve guests. Their room was on the third story. Mrs. E. D. Hooper of Paris, Me., who occupied a room on the same floor, barely escaped suffocation, after making her way to the second story, where she was found by firemen. Several other inmates escaped in their night clothes.

Trial of Senator Sullivan Begins.

Jefferson City, Mo., July 31.—The case of State Senator William P. Sullivan of Christian county, charged with having solicited a bribe of \$4,500 in connection with baking powder legislation at the recent session of the legislature, was called before Judge H. C. Timmons of Barton county. The defendant noted exceptions to all adverse rulings preparatory to appealing in case of conviction. Judge Timmons then set the case for Aug. 19, owing to the illness of Morton Jourdan, attorney for the defendant.

Three Killed by Lightning.

Lynchburg, Va., July 31.—Three persons were killed and more than a score injured by lightning at Newhope church, Appomattox county. The dead: Paul Gowen, Charles Austin, Aubrey Wingfield. Among the more seriously injured are: Eugene Turner, Nathaniel Morris, Tom Coleman, Napoleon Patterson. A meeting of the James River Baptist association was in progress and a number of men took refuge from the storm under an awning near the building.

Foreman Murdered at Midnight.

Pueblo, Colo., July 31.—Leroy B. Masterson, a foreman at the steel works, was murdered shortly after midnight, while lying asleep. Suspicion rests on a man who was a member of the employee under him. Masterson had trouble with some of the employees and discharged three of them. It is thought that in revenge for this the deed was committed. The weapon used was a shovel and he was struck three times on the head, fracturing the skull.

Twenty-Five Injured in Collision.

Anderson, Ind., July 31.—By a collision on the Indiana Union Traction lines in this city twenty-five persons were injured. While none was fatally hurt, the following were seriously injured: Louis Burnstein of Chicago, Internally; Elmer Spaulding, motorman, leg bruised; Miss Marie Porter, Alexandria, leg broken and spine hurt; Miss Nettie Parker, Marion, Ind., back hurt; Miss Lee Williams, Vine Grove, Ky., leg fractured.

LAST TRIBUTE TO POPE LEO

Third Requiem Mass Surpasses All Previous Services.

SIXTY-TWO CARDINALS IN ROME.

All Save One Participate in Imposing Ceremonial—Special Prayers Are Offered for Divine Help in Selection of a New Pope.

Rome, July 31.—The last tribute was paid to the late Pope Leo with the third great requiem mass celebrated in the Sistine chapel of the vatican, and the function was no less ceremonious and imposing than the other two. While there was perhaps fewer persons present, there was a greater display of gorgeous uniforms. Of the sixty-two cardinals now in Rome, all attended the mass except Cardinal Cremonio, prefect of the congregation of sacred relics, who was ill. The picture presented by the procession of cardinals, in violet robes and red capes bordered with ermine, escorted by noble guards in scarlet uniforms and with drawn swords, the scene being softened by the clouds of incense and the chapel resounding with the strains of the incomparable Sistine choir singing "Libera me Domine," made those present feel as though lifted into another world. In the churches of Rome today began the offering of prayers to the Holy Ghost to assist and enlighten the cardinals to choose the right man to sit in the chair of St. Peter.

The cardinals visited the cells which they are to occupy during the conclave and it can not be said that they returned very enthusiastic over the idea of being confined, perhaps for some time, in what are rightly termed "cells," which are without running water and necessary ventilation. It was feared that the health of some of the older and more feeble cardinals will be impaired. The cardinals will enter the conclave at 5 o'clock this afternoon.

Those who know the sacred college best consider that Cardinal Rampolla will command the largest number of votes on the first ballot. His strength, it is believed, will be about twenty-five votes, but even with this large number to start with it is thought he will have difficulty in making headway. His strongest opponents now appear to be Cardinals Serafino Vannutelli, with about twelve votes; Gotti, with ten, and Oreglia, with eight. The remainder of the votes will be scattered among the lesser candidates, more as marks of personal favor than with much idea of ultimate success. Forty-two votes are necessary to elect. The majority of the diplomatic body accredited to the vatican are of the opinion that if Rampolla does not succeed, Gotti will be elected.

CARDINALS ARE INSTRUCTED.

Celebrate Mass of the Holy Ghost and Repair to Their Cells to Begin Conclave.

Rome, July 31.—Special to The News: After celebrating the mass of the Holy Ghost the cardinals this morning received their instructions from the temporary head of the church and repaired to their cells to begin the conclave that will result in the election of a pope to succeed Leo XIII.

Before the cardinals withdrew to their cells Cardinal Ferrata withdrew his name as a candidate for the papal crown.

American Officers Visit Royal Palace.

Lisbon, July 31.—Admiral Cotton and several officers of the American fleet, accompanied by United States Minister Bryan, paid a visit to the royal palace at Cintra, which is four miles from Lisbon. They were received by Prince Alfonso Henriques, the Duke of Oporto and brother of the king, who presented them to Queen Maria Amelle and the queen mother, Maria Pia. They received a very cordial reception.

Girls Make a Disturbance.

New York, July 31.—Nearly 2,000 young women, who compose the Wrappers' union, are on strike for a nine hour day. A crowd of the strikers invaded one shop where the women had refused to quit. They overturned sewing machines and scattered partly finished garments around the floor. Police reserves had to be called to quell the disturbance and several strikers were arrested.

Striking Boilermakers Accept Offer.

St. Paul, July 31.—The striking boilermakers on the Omaha system sent a committee to General Manager Tremholm to notify him that the boilermakers would accept the company's offer of \$3.60 per day for ten hours' work in the St. Paul and Sioux City shops and \$3.45 per day in the round-houses where the boiler repairing is done. The strike therefore is off.

Creditors Will Be Paid in Full.

Council Bluffs, Ia., July 31.—W. B. Reed, trustee of the Pisgah, Ia., bank, which failed last week, stated that the assets of the institution considerably exceeded the liabilities and that creditors would be paid in full.

RIOT AT A NEGRO MEETING.

Opponents of Booker T. Washington Raise Disturbance at Boston.

Boston, July 31.—An attempt on the part of half a dozen colored persons opposed to Booker T. Washington, president of the Tuskegee institute, to ask questions at a meeting which he was addressing at the Zion church almost resulted in a riot and twenty-five policemen were called in to quell the disturbance. Several arrests were made, one policeman received a deep stab from a hatpin, while a man said to be one of those opposed to Mr. Washington received several razor cuts and is now in the hospital. After the arrests Mr. Washington was allowed to proceed and spoke for nearly two hours. Both factions at the close of the meeting issued statements. Mr. Washington said in his statement that the colored people of Boston should not be held responsible for a few riotous individuals, while William Munroe Trotter, one of those who were arrested, stated that the cause of the rioting was the absurd ruling of the chairman, Mr. Lewis, in ordering the arrest and ejection of any person who blazed or manifested any objection to the speaker of the evening. It is said the disturbance was prearranged and after the meeting Mr. Trotter and his friends admitted that they went there with the idea of asking Mr. Washington a number of questions and to resent any attack that might be made on the New England representatives to the recent Afro-American council at Louisville.

WORCESTER LAUDS PHILIPPINES.

A Member of the Commission Arrives in San Francisco and Extolls Uncle Sam's Islands.

San Francisco, July 31.—Special to The News: Dean C. Worcester, a member of the Philippine commission, has arrived here. In an interview he gives a glowing account of the conditions of the islands.

He states that the diseases that were threatening early this spring have been entirely suppressed and the people are enjoying unusual prosperity under the United States government management of affairs.

DEFENDS SOUTH AFRICA POLICY.

Chamberlain Declares Irreconcilables Will Be Deported if Necessary.

London, July 31.—In the house of commons, replying to a bitter attack on the government's policy and Lord Milner's administration of South Africa by Mr. Markham, in the course of which he charged that affairs were growing worse, Colonial Secretary Chamberlain defended at some length the administration of South Africa. He said the greatest difficulty was not the reconciliation of the Boers and the Britons, but the reconciliation of the Boers with the Boers. Mr. Chamberlain said that if it was found that the work of pacification was retarded by irreconcilables, the government would not hesitate to use its strong power to deport the mischief makers.

King Edward at Galway.

Galway, July 31.—King Edward and Queen Alexandra continued by motor their inspection of some of the wildest and most picturesque regions of Ireland. The start was made from the little town of Leenane, on the shore of Killarney bay, where the mayor, the local rector, the parish priest and a deputation representing 20,000 inhabitants of the wild Connemara mountains presented an address. The royal party drove off in motors through the beautiful lake and mountain country, everywhere greeted loyally by the inhabitants.

Baseball Results.

National League—Brooklyn, 6; New York, 4. Cincinnati, 15; Chicago, 0. St. Louis, 4; Pittsburgh, 10. American League—Philadelphia, 12; Washington, 1-5. Detroit, 0; St. Louis, 1. Chicago, 10; Cleveland, 0. Boston, 1; New York, 12.

American Association—Toledo, 3; Minneapolis, 18. Louisville, 11; Milwaukee, 5. Columbus, 4; St. Paul, 7. Indianapolis, 2-4; Kansas City, 0-3.

Western League—St. Joseph, 0; Colorado Springs, 6. Kansas City, 1; Denver, 0. Peoria, 9; Omaha, 0. Milwaukee, 3; Des Moines, 4.

Cup Challenger Again Wins.

Atlantic Highlands, N. J., July 31.—In a sea rougher than any she had ever raced in before and wind which at times blew more than twelve miles an hour, Shamrock III experienced her most severe racing trial, and acquitted herself as became a candidate for the America's cup. Her performance in eight miles of windward work, in which she beat Shamrock I by six minutes, was a surprise.

Barrington Trial Postponed.

St. Louis, July 31.—The case of P. Seymour Barrington, charged with the murder of James P. McAnn, was postponed until Aug. 10, by consent, as the physician attending Barrington reported that the prisoner was too ill to leave his cell. The physician thinks Barrington will have recovered by the time set for the trial.

Death of J. J. Cotter.

Butte, Mont., July 30.—J. J. Cotter, leading counsel for the Helms mining interests, died of paralysis. Mr. Cotter came from Des Moines, Ia.

CUBAN BANDITS IN REVOLT

Republic is Threatened With Uprising in Eastern Province.

DEMAND PAY FOR EX-SOLDIERS.

Rural Guard Has Been Mobilized and Volunteers Called to Suppress Them—Government Calls Rising Unimportant.

Havana, July 31.—In spite of the assertion made by Senor Yero, secretary of the interior, that the killing of three men and the capture of a fourth man, their leader, who had attempted to cause an uprising in the vicinity of Bayamo, province of Santiago, effectually ended the only semblance of an uprising in Cuba, the rumors of uprisings in eastern Cuba were fully confirmed in the government reports received from the governor and other officials of Santiago province.

These are to the effect that since the fight Sunday last sixty armed and mounted men have appeared outside villages in the Cauto river district, proclaiming a revolution and demanding the payment of the former members of the revolutionary army. The leader of the revolutionary party is named Pupo. He is a brother of one of the bandits killed by the rural guard on Monday.

General Rodriguez, commander-in-chief of the rural guard, has ordered the mobilization of all the rural guards in eastern Cuba and the governor of Santiago province has been instructed to enlist as many volunteers as may be deemed necessary to cooperate with the mounted troops.

Secretary of the interior Yero says there is no doubt that the authorities will be able to cope successfully with the situation, as all reports, he adds, agree that popular sentiment is with the government of President Palma, and that those who have risen in rebellion mostly belong to the wanton, lazy class of Puerto Principe.

The reported uprising in the province of Santiago has not been confirmed either by government or other reports. General Lora, commanding the rural guard of the eastern district, has telegraphed that he proceeded from Bayamo to Cauto Del Paso and returned without seeing or hearing anything of the reported uprising.

HOPS IN A TRUST.

Growers of the Vine on the Pacific Coast Have Entered a Combination to Regulate Prices.

San Francisco, July 31.—Special to The News: Hop growers of the Pacific coast have held a meeting here which resulted in the formation of a trust to control prices and boost other interests of the growers.

More Arrests at Idaho Springs.

Idaho Springs, Colo., July 31.—The coroner's jury in the case of Phillip Fiere, the Italian union miner, who was found fatally injured near the scene of the blowing up of one of the buildings of the Sun and Moon mine Tuesday night, returned a verdict that he "came to his death as a result of an attempt on his part and others to blow up the buildings of the Sun and Moon mine." Although Fiere was supposed to have been killed by a bullet from the pistol of the watchman at the mine, an autopsy failed to establish the fact, and officiating physicians incline to the belief that he was killed by the explosion. Two more members of the union were arrested. Both are Italians. The men who were driven out of the town by the business men are in Denver and have engaged attorneys to look after their interests.

Oklahoma Town Fire-Swept.

Oklahoma City, Okla., July 31.—Fire started in Hobart, Okla., in the Phoenix theater, on the south side of the square. Four blocks were destroyed. The loss will reach \$200,000. The Citizens' National bank and six other brick buildings were burned, and both sides of Main street for nearly two blocks are in ruins. During the burning of the telephone exchange, Assistant Manager Hughes dropped dead while fighting the fire.

Among the buildings burned are the Racket store, Edwurm Bros' department store, Jumbo clothing store, Mack's cafe and Wey & Durn's hardware store, the largest institution in the town. The fire is supposed to have been incendiary.

Major J. W. Johnson Dead.

St. Louis, July 31.—Major John Wyatt Johnson, one of the last Confederate officers, is dead here. Major Johnson was eighty-three years of age and served with distinction during the civil war on the staffs of General Tilghman and General Pemberton. His commission as major is said to have been the first issued by Jefferson Davis as president of the Confederacy.

President Wants to See the End.

Oyster Bay, L. I., July 31.—President Roosevelt's guests at luncheon were the Postmaster General and Mrs. Payne and Immigration Commissioner William Williams of New York. The president, it is understood, impressed upon Mr. Payne the desirability of concluding the postal investigation as early a date as practicable.

ARMY AND NAVY BOARD MEET.

Organized to Consider Matters Affecting Both Branches.

Washington, July 31.—The first meeting of the general policy board was held here. There were present Admiral Dewey, Rear Admiral Taylor and Captain Pillsbury, Commander Barnett, Major General Corbin, Brigadier General Randolph and Brigadier General Bliss. Admiral Dewey was elected president and Commander Barnett secretary. There was discussion of the coaling and naval stations in Cuba with a view to determining whether they should be garrisoned by the army or by marines. Secretary Root already has taken steps to place troops at Guantanamo and Bahia Honda and some of the naval officers are not well pleased at his action. Secretary Root briefly addressed the board, saying that he believed good results would come from its deliberations on questions affecting both branches of the war force of the nation and that a joint board was better than routine official communications. He believed that the questions to be brought before the board and considered in time of peace would result in a better understanding and more effective cooperation and defense of the country in time of war. The board adjourned subject to the call of the chairman.

POSTAL FRAUDS CONSPIRACY.

Grand Jury at Washington Find Indictments Today Against A. W. Machen and Eight Others.

Washington, July 31.—Special to The News: The grand jury found indictments this morning in the postal frauds conspiracy case, implicating A. W. Machen and eight others.

Send Joint Note of Protest.

Port of Spain, Island of Trinidad, July 31.—Passengers who have just arrived from Caracas say that in consequence of the incident which occurred last Monday at LaGuayra, where, as a result of friction between the Spanish consul and the local authorities, the exequatur of the consul was withdrawn, the diplomatic corps at Caracas met and decided to send a joint note protesting against the action of the La Guayra authorities and the withdrawal of the exequatur of the Spanish consul. They took this action, it is said, not for the purpose of assisting the Spanish claims before the mixed tribunal, but because of the president which would be established and because they considered it contrary to the protocols made with the powers and signed by Mr. Bowen, the United States minister, acting as the representative of President Castro.

Protection for the Miners.

Tacoma, Wash., July 31.—The Union council decided to allow the miners a prior lien on 50 per cent of the output of the Klondike mines. The new ruling, it is believed, protects men employed upon mines against the acts of some employers who have no scruples to adopt all means in their power to avoid paying the men.

Mercury Drops to Fifty.

Minneapolis, July 31.—The mercury dropped to the fifty mark in this city, making a new local low record for the month of July. Lisbon, N. D., reported thirty-six degrees. At Devil's Lake it was thirty-eight and Aberdeen, S. D., thirty-five.

The blockhead and the genius are

skin in at least one respect—both were born that way.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

The New York Daily News plant and good will will be sold at auction on Aug. 21. Frank A. Munsey is the principal stockholder.

The 1,200 pork butchers and oleomargarine workers in the Kansas City packing plants have been granted a 25 per cent increase of wages.

Heavy rain fell in all the counties of the Kansas corn belt. The hot weather had not damaged the corn, but the rain was urgently needed.

Rev. J. L. Alsworth, the pastor of the Presbyterian church of Cape Girardeau, Mo., was drowned while bathing in the Mississippi river there.

A dispatch from Constantinople says that Russia has asked permission of the sultan to allow several Russian warships to pass through the Dardanelles for the far east.

Judge Gray decided to accept his appointment as the fifth member of the Alabama coal strike commission, which is to settle by arbitration the dispute of Alabama miners over wages.

Ten striking workmen were killed and eighteen were wounded as the result of a volley fired by troops at Mills hallovo, on the Tiffin-Batoum railway. The strikers attempted to stop trains.

The jury in the case against Chief of Police King and Detective Joel Atkinson of Colorado Springs, charged with secreting witnesses and so protecting a criminal, brought in a verdict of guilty.

Fire destroyed the works of the Philip Carey Fire Proofing company in Jersey City and the Jarvis tobacco inspection depot, in which were stored 200 hogheads of Kentucky tobacco. Loss, \$100,000.

The Great Central railway's sheds and docks at Grimsby, England, have been gutted by fire. The sheds were filled with machinery and an immense quantity of barley. The damage amounts to \$500,000.